# REVOLUTIONIZING GREEN PRACTICES: BIO-METHANATION'S ROLE IN PULP & PAPER MILLS

#### Towards Net Zero Emissions and a Sustainable Future

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## Overview of Indian Paper Mills (2021-22)\*

No. of Mills		912	Total No. of paper mills in India having >200 TPD : 150		
Total Installed Capacity, million tons		29.11	<ul> <li>Tentative order value: INR 10 Cr/plant</li> <li>Expected market size: 182.9 m USD</li> <li>Paques expected market capital (20%) –36.59m USD</li> </ul>		
Operating Installed Capacity	Operating Installed Capacity , million tons				
Production of Paper, Paperboard and Newsprint , million tons		22.43			
Consumption (in million tons)		21.07			
Capacity Utilization, %		~89	Newsprint_Others		
No. of Operating units		38	6% 4%		
No. of Mills Closed		368			
Idle installed capacity, million tons		5.51			
Per capita Consumption (kgs)		15.75	Writing & Paper 55%		
Global Share		5.60 %	Printing 25%		
Contribution From Different Segments (million tons)			55 %		
Wood Based	Agro Based	RCF Mills			
4.32	1.31	16.80	1		

\* Source : CPPRI Statistical Cell

# **Indian Paper Industry Profile**

Fibrous Raw Material Used

- ✓ 15+ species of Wood
- Non-Woods: Bagasse, Rice Straw,
   Wheat Straw, Grasses/Reeds
- Waste Paper: White, Brown and Mixed
- ✓ Market Pulp

#### Paper Grades Produced

- Packaging Papers & Coated/Uncoated
   Paperboards
- Coated/Uncoated Printing & Writing
   Papers
- ✓ Newsprint & Magazine Papers
- ✓ Tissues & Hygiene Papers
- ✓ Specialty Papers

# **Stringent Regulation**

**Demands & Challenges** 

Adequate Process
 Optimization

- Technological
   Upgradation
- ETP upgradation.
- Environmental
   Compliance

Recently, many RCFbased pulp and paper mills, especially those producing unbleached grade paper, have adopted zero liquid discharge (ZLD) by closing their water loop with minimal or no technological intervention.

## Pulp & Paper Industry Challenges (Cont.)



**Global Impact:** Russia-Ukraine events disrupt raw material supply and raise energy costs, increase of developed countries interest rate



**Sustainability & Compliance:** Balancing economic goals with eco-friendly practices and meeting regulations.



Zero Liquid Discharge: To reduce impact on receiving stream and facilitate water conservation



**Higher Increase in Energy Cost** 



**Odor Control:** Enhancing quality control to combat odor issues in paper production

### Implications of ZLD with minimal technology intervention

Accumulation of TDS, COD, BOD, VFA, and other persistent contaminants in the closed water loop Formation of slime and odorrelated concerns Challenge to treat backwater using conventional ETP with biological treatment due to high buildup of pollution load due to recycling in the loop

Compromise with product quality, machine runnability , equipment's corrosion.

### Implications of ZLD with minimal technology intervention



Unpleasant odor caused by organic matter accumulation Shortened lifespan of paper machine felt and wire. Elevated chemical consumption and broke

Inorganic fouling hampers efficiency by reducing stock/liquor flow, causing production interruptions and quality defects in products like pulp and paper. Addressing these issues is crucial for maintaining smooth operations and ensuring high-quality end products.

### **Green Practices in Pulp & Paper**



## **Key Components**

Sustainable Fiber Sourcing Efficient Energy Utilization Waste Minimization and Recycling Efficient capacity utilization Closed-Loop Water Management



Reduced Environmental Impact Cost-Efficiency Market Leadership



# Anaerobic versus Aerobic



#### Key Benefits of Anerobic vs Aerobic Treatment:



Substantial reduction in power consumption



**Biogas energy & Promotes sustainability** 



#### **Reduced CO2** emissions



Reduce sludge production and associated handling and disposal cost



Significantly reduced footprints 80%



Up to 90% reduction in power consumption

### **Bio-Methanation Overview**



# **Key Components**

**Anaerobic Conditions** 

Organic Matter Breakdown

Acetate Formation

**Methanation Process** 



### **Advantages**

Renewable Energy Source Less Sludge Production Waste Valorisation Reduced Environmental Impact

## **High-rate Reactor Technology**



**Compact Design** and Footprint





Longevity of Internals Quick ETP Stabilization







### Case Study: Net Zero Emissions through Bio methanation

S. No	Site Location	Production capacity (TPD)	Raw material	Biogas generation (Nm3/d)	Biogas generation (Nm3/MT of paper produced)	Equivalent to ton CO2/annum
1	Sathyamangalam, Tamil Nadu	150	Wastepaper	2500	16.7	12755
2	Tirunelveli, Tamil Nadu	400	Wastepaper	5000	12.5	25510
3	Tumkuru, Karnataka	400	Wastepaper	6000	15	30612
4	Bengaluru, Karnataka	300	Wastepaper	3500	11.7	17857
5	Mysore, Karnataka	300	Wastepaper	3500	11.7	17857
6	Phehowa, Haryana	350	Wastepaper and wheat straw	5500	15.7	28061
7	Muzaffarnagar, Uttar Pradesh	400	Wastepaper, bagasse and wheat straw	6000	15	30612
8	Pune, Maharashtra	150	Wastepaper	2000	13.3	10204
9	Jamdol, Jharkhand	220	Wastepaper	3500	15.9	17857
10	Punjab	200	Wheat straw	2600	13	13265
Ton CO <sub>2</sub> emission saved/annum 204!					204591	

### Sustainability of Biomethanation: Biogas Generation at Pulp & Paper Industries



#### Biogas generation (Nm3/day) site at Punjab



#### Sustainability of Biomethanation: Biogas Generation at Pulp & Paper Industries

Biogas generation (Nm3/day) site at Uttar Pradesh

Biogas (Nm3/day) site at Karnataka



### Sustainability of Biomethanation: Biogas Generation in Pulp & Paper Industries









# Influent sCOD concentration Vs sCOD removal efficiency in Paper mill



### Influent sCOD concentration Vs sCOD removal efficiency in Paper mill







# Influent sCOD concentration Vs sCOD removal efficiency in Paper mill







### **BIOPAQ<sup>®</sup>IC** and **BIOPAQ<sup>®</sup>ICX** Installation in Paper Industries





TEST REPORT

Report No. : MAN:HL:1448007862

ISSUE DATE: 17-Jan-2024

#### 

#### NON ACCREDITED TEST(S)

#### TEST RESULT:

#### ARTICLE 3 OF EUROPEAN REGULATION NO. 1935/2004: 5: 2023

Method:	With reference to DIN 1095
Test condition:	40°C for 10 days.
Test media:	Chocolate
No. of panelist:	6

#### Test Result:

Test Media	Test Item	Result	Maximum Permissible Limit
Chocolate	Sensorial examinationodour	0	2.5
	Sensorial examination taste	0	2.5
Conclusion		Pass	

Test condition: 40°C for 10 days. Plain Bread Test media: No. of panelist: 6

#### Test Result:

Test Media	Test Item	Result	Maximum Permissible Limit
Plain Bread	Sensorial examinationodour	0	2.5
	Sensorial examination taste	0	2.5
Conclusion		Pass	

Test condition: 40°C for 10 days. Test media: Biscuits No. of panelist: 6

#### Test Result:

Test Media	Test Item	Result	Maximum Permissible Limit
Biscuits	Sensorial examinationodour	0	2.5
	Sensorial examination taste	0	2.5
Conclusion		Pass	

Tested Item: KRAFT PAPER

Note: 1. Intensity scale (rounded at 0.5):

- 0 no perceptible difference
- 1 just perceptible difference
- 2 slight difference
- 3 marked difference
- 4 strong difference
- 2. Permissible Limit is according to German Food, Articles of Daily Use and Feed Code of September 1, 2005
  - (LFGB), Section 30& 31 with Amendments.

3. Testing has been performed as per customer request.

**Odour Free** Certificate – **Proof of Sustainability** 

### Conclusion

- **V** Bio-methanation & Aerobic Treatment is a proven combination for pulp & paper industry
- Organic Pollutants to Valuable Biogas
- Improves Water Quality
- Ensuring sustainable operation of plant
- Additional Revenue through Green Energy
- Removes nutrient and ensure no Eutrophication effect in water bodies
- Reduces operational cost of the plant
- ♀ Contribution to Net Zero Emission

# THANK YOU



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