Fibre Recovery From The Back Water Of Raw Material Wet Washing System

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ABSTRACT

For sustainability and growth of Indian Paper Industry, the technology has to be upgraded to adapt to Indian conditions in view of scale of paper production, raw material scenario and environmental concerns. Paper Industry is looking at innovative ways and means to reduce the production cost, improve quality of the Product, and improve ease of Maintenance. Indian pulp and paper industry is compelled to explore alternate options for Raw Material like Agro waste like Wheat Straw, Rice Straw, Bagasse and equivalent percentage of Secondary fiber due to shortage of Raw material.

In the process of Wet Washing of Agro Based Raw Material, raw material is processed through Wet Pulper to remove silica contents. It is then dewatered through Aqua Separator/Dewatering Screw to improve the Consistency of the Raw Material to be further processed to Digester area.

During this process, an appreciable quantity of raw material is carried over along with the back water. In order to recover the raw material lost along with the back water and to reduce the load on the water clarifier system, DSM Screens play a major role as a scavenger. The DSM Screens recover more than Fibers. It recovers the Cash. It lets Paper industry to put the fibers in the system rather than in Sewer. It increases yield and reduces water consumption. This paves way for enhanced profitability of the mill through better economies of operation.

Introduction

Paper is manufactured from three major kinds of raw material i.e. wood, agricultural residues and recycled fiber. Due to shrinking forest land, one has to search for the alternative sources of fiber. Agricultural residue and the recycled fiber offer a great opportunity to replace the wood fiber. In India, bagasse, wheat straw, rice straw, sarkanda and grasses are used in majority for paper manufacturing.

RECOVERY System Description

The water recovery system consists of following components:

DSM Screen

Water Clarifier System

Recovered Fibre Tank

Raw material Bagasse/ Wheat Straw with controlled processing rate shall be dumped in the Wet Pulper along with water for removal of foreign material and to wash the raw material. Washed raw material with 1 to 1.5 % consistency will be sent to Aqua Separator/Dewatering Screw to increase the consistency of the raw material to go to cooking section. Water removed from the Aqua Separator shall flow down to the Degree Slanting

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Fig. 1 SET OF DSM SCREENS IN WORKING CONDITIONS

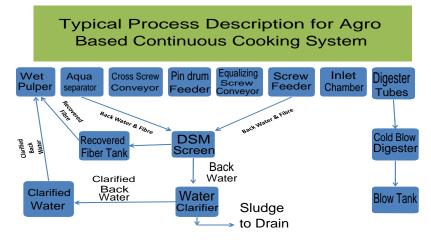


TABLE-1

LAB RESULTS OF DSM INFEED							
DATE	SAMPLING	FLOW RATE	INCOMING	FIBRE IN THE	FREQUENCY OF		
	TIME HRS	(M3/HR)	WATER % CY	INCOMING	MANUAL		
				T/HR	CLEANING		
20.11.2008	08.00	279	0.29	0.81			
20.11.2008	12.00	331	0.23	0.77			
26.11.2008	16.00	288	0.34	0.98	ONCE IN A DAY		
26.11.2008	20.00	291	0.26	0.76			
26.11.2008	04.00	315	0.31	0.98			

TABLE-2

LAB RESULTS OF DSM OUTLET									
DATE	SAMPLING TIME HRS	PH	FILTRATE		FIBRE		RECOVERED FIBRE		
			PPM	QUANTITY IN M3/HR	LOST IN T/HR	RECOVERED IN T/HR	% CY	IN %	
20.11.2008	08.00	7.3	611	260.66	0.16	0.64	3.5	80.31	
20.11.2008	12.00	7.5	490	315.48	0.15	0.62	4	79.95	
26.11.2008	16.00	7.2	725	261.96	0.19	0.79	3	80.62	
26.11.2008	20.00	7.5	710	273.19	0.19	0.56	3.25	74.32	
26.11.2008	04.00	7.4	689	289.91	0.20	0.78	3.1	79.56	

Machine (DSM) Screen for recovering raw material being lost along with the water and to reduce the load on the water clarifier system. There are Pulp and Paper Industries using Rotary Screen/ B2 Thickener to recover fibre. clarifier system which will be made up by fresh water.

The Screw Feeder dewaters the fibers by compression. The filtrate from the screw feeder will be discharged into the DSM Screen in the Raw Material Wet

Advantages

Comparison between Rotary Screen & DSM Screen					
Rotary Screen	DSM Screen				
Need huge Power to operate	No power requirement				
Regular Maintenance is	No Maintenance is required				
needed					
Space required is High	Less Space is required				
Moving Parts are involved	No Moving parts are there				
Needs Operator attention on	No dedicated Operator is needed				
regular basis.					
Outdated Technology	State of Art Technology				
Periodical change of wire	Long life of screen as it is metallic,				
mesh is required	Having option to reverse screen				
	hence long life.				
Cost is high	Cost is low				
Pay back period is high	Payback period is short				
Higher Water Consumption	Lower Water Consumption.				
Needs cleaning device	Self cleaning device can be				
external.	optional.				

Recovered bagasse/ wheat straw collected in Recovered Fibre tank shall be processed back to the Pulper system and the screened back water shall be clarified in the clarifier to get clear water and used back in the Pulper. With this, fresh water consumption in this process shall be reduced drastically. Small quantity of the water shall be drained along with the sludge from the

Cleaning Plant to recover the fibers from the filtrate. The recovered fibers are pumped back into the Pulper.

The filtrate of the DSM screen will be rich in silica. It passes to a filtrate tank where it is mixed with whitewater/back water from subsequent processing stages. This water is directed to a clarifier for removal of silica and the overflowing liquor is recycled back to

the Pulper. Photograph of set of DSM Screen taken during operation is shown in Fig.1

Experimental STUTDIES:

HDOL with support from ABC Paper Limited conducted studies during regular plant operation at processing of rated production of 12-14 T/Hr based on bagasse. Table No 1 & 2 indicates the lab results of incoming, outgoing of DSM Screen and achieved performance of DSM Screen.

Results

While going through the above results from Table 1 & 2 following points are the highlights.

- An average of 6-8% of the raw material is being lost from the dewatering area of the main processing stream
- 80 % of reduction in load to the clarifier system
- Recovery of fibers that could have been otherwise lost was around 80%
- Ease of operation & maintenance of the system.
- Conservation of water in the system.
- Reduction in cost of production due to minimal fibre loss.

Conclusion

It is very clear that raw material quality and cooking of raw material are very important part in case of agriculture residue paper manufacturing process. We have to recover the fibers being lost along with the sewer to improve the profitability of the Pulp and Paper Industry and also to take care of the environmental problem. Our practical experience in Yaslik, ABC and Satia Paper Mills shows that excellent results were obtained by providing DSM Screen in circuit and able to conserve fiber / water increasing bottom line of the company significantly.

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